End Fed Antennas - some notes





SASTAR talk April 18, 2022 (some content may be copyright)

End Fed Antennas – notes and comments

1. Background and origin

- -original was the end fed Zepp on hydrogen balloons
- used open wire feed line and LC tuned TX

2. EFHW vs. EFNR <(End Fed non-resonant)

- true end fed half wave is resonant on the band of operation
- EFHW end Z is very high perhaps 1000-3000 Ohms but not infinite
- EFNR is often called end fed random length the old random wire!
- the "random" length avoids ¼ and ½ W.L. and so avoids very high Z

3. Matching the antenna

- open wire and balanced tuner the best? e.g. Emtech ZM-2 qrp
- direct to a radio with wide range tuner (e.g. KX3?)
- using coax feed and matching transformer

4. Transformers

- EFNR typically uses a 9:1 i.e. 450 to 50 Ohm trifilar (3 wire)
 This is a true transmission line transformer high efficiency possible
- EFHW uses 49:1 or 64:1 autotransformer for 2450 to 3200 Ohms These are less efficient and need large cores for high power

End Fed notes-continued

5. Wire lengths

- EFHW length is ½ W.L. on lowest band be careful of multiples
- EFNR- many lengths possible which are best? experiment

6. Construction

- waterproof box not strictly necessary
- core taping not necessary ferrite is high resistance
- insulated wire not strictly necessary see <u>Waters and Stanton</u>
- provide mechanical protection to core
- capacitor (100-150 pF) across feed improves matching on 10m EFHW

7. Core choice

- iron core e.g. type 2 poor on lower bands mu is too low
- ferrite mix 43 most common, mix 31 for high power stacked cores
- small ½ inch size fine for QRP, 140-43 size for 100W EFHW
- watch out for higher power or duty cycles, use 240 size
- for EFNR the 140 size is ok to 300 W or so

8. Winding

- twisted primary for EFHW xfmr not proven necessary
- 9:1 TLT should properly use 150 Ohm line (hookup wire ok?)

Q&A

How do I hang the antenna?

- from rig and up, no feedline.... may need counterpoise
- coax to ground mounted transformer up and out
- longer coax to tree or roof mounted transformer

Do I need a counterpoise?

- a true EFHW needs a 0.05 W.L. counterpoise (Moxon)
- all end feds need or will create a counterpoise (W8JI)
- use a feedline choke to delineate counterpoise section of feedline

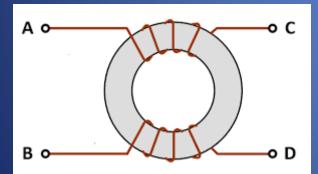
Is an end-fed antenna noisy?

- no antenna is "noisy" some are more prone to noise pickup
- where are the noise sources? Avoid close proximity to line equipment
- an antenna high and in the clear will be the quietest
- end feds are VERY prone to feedline radiation AND reception <noise?
- this is also called <u>common mode</u> transfer to the coax shield
- use a feed choke in all permanent installs

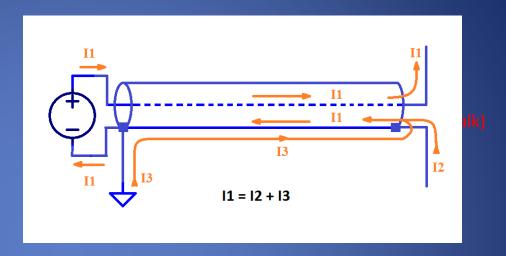
Common mode currents

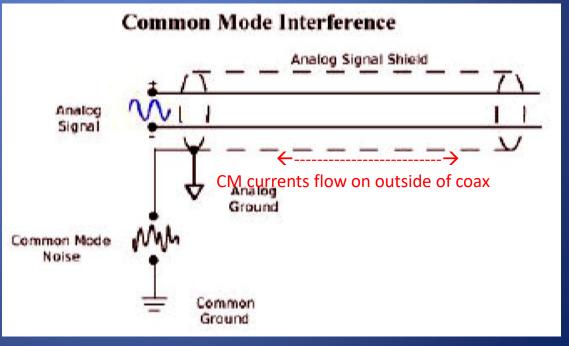


common mode choke (unbalanced line)



common mode choke (balanced line)





References:

1. Steve Ellington EFHW presentation

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=N_o0jneBEh0

- a bit snoozy and long but great info
- see his other videos about building and testing
- search "EFHW antenna Ellington" on YouTube
- he explains counterpoise, compensation coil, capacitor, power
- 2. K1 RF's presentation on End Fed Half Wave antennas http://gnarc.org/k1rfs-presentation-on-end-fed-half-wave-antennas/
- 3. HyEndFed Antennas

https://www.hyendcompany.nl/

- considered among the best in prebuilt EFHWs
- save money by just purchasing the transformer?
- 4. Emtech ZM-2 15 w manual tuner balanced line or coax https://steadynet.com/emtech/
- 5. Ferrite cores https://palomar-engineers.com/ferrite-products/
- 6. Waters and Stanton

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=qv8Jmyu8q7Q&t=66s https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=4PHygzYrOBM&t=537s

References – a bit more technical:

Steve Yates AA5TB on EFHW

https://www.aa5tb.com/efha.html

- solid theory as per that of Les Moxon
- shows Z vs. counterpoise length, LC coupling to antenna

2. Tom W8JI – a top notch engineer

do read this artricle

https://www.w8ji.com/long_wire_antenna.htm/